

# Safeguarding in the Manosphere

## Insight

### Incel Culture

Incel culture refers to an online subculture of individuals - typically men - who identify as "involuntary celibates" (hence incel), meaning they feel unable to find romantic or sexual partners despite desiring them.

### Hypergamy

Hypergamy is the tendency to seek a partner of higher status, wealth, or social value. The 80/20 rule, suggests that 80% of women compete for the top 20% of desirable men, often based on status or attractiveness.

### Manosphere

The manosphere refers to a collection of online communities made up largely of men who often reject feminist ideas and oppose the advancement of gender equality. These groups tend to blame women and feminism for various personal and societal problems. In some spaces, this mindset can lead to hostility or even hatred toward women and girls. The manosphere typically includes four main subcultures:

- **Men's Rights Activists (MRAs)** advocate for legal and political changes they believe will improve the lives of men, particularly around issues like family courts or education. However, some parts of the movement have been criticized for targeting and harassing feminists and female public figures.
- **Men Going Their Own Way (MGTOW)** is a group that believes men should disengage from romantic relationships with women to protect themselves from what they see as harmful dynamics. Some MGTOW followers choose to avoid marriage and longterm relationships, while others distance themselves from women entirely.
- **Pick-Up Artists (PUAs)** focus on teaching men how to attract women, often through specific "seduction" strategies. Many of these techniques have been criticised for encouraging manipulation, disrespecting boundaries, and fostering unhealthy attitudes toward consent.
- **Involuntary Celibates (Incels)** are individuals, usually men, who feel unable to form romantic or sexual relationships despite wanting them. Some within this group express strong feelings of entitlement and resentment, and in extreme cases, individuals identifying as incels have committed acts of violence.

### Gender Stereotype

A gender stereotype is a widely held but oversimplified belief or assumption about the characteristics, roles, or behaviours that are deemed appropriate for individuals based on their gender. These stereotypes often suggest that men should be strong, assertive, and career-focused, while women should be caring, emotional, and family-oriented. Such generalisations can limit opportunities, affect self-esteem, and reinforce inequality from an early age. In early childhood, gender stereotypes can shape how children view themselves and others, influencing their interests, ambitions, and the way they play or learn.

### Slang Terminology

**Chad** - "Chad" is a slang term often used online to describe a stereotypical young man who is seen as very attractive, confident, popular, and physically fit. He is usually portrayed as someone who easily gains attention and admiration, especially from women.

**Stacy** - "Stacy" is a term used to describe a stereotypically attractive and popular woman. She is often shown as confident and outgoing, and is sometimes unfairly labelled as only interested in dating men like "Chad."

**Becky** - "Becky" (or "Basic Becky") is a term used to describe an average young woman who is often seen as ordinary, middle-class, educated, and socially aware.

## Toxic Masculinity

Toxic masculinity refers to harmful ideas about how men should behave, based on traditional gender roles. It often includes beliefs that men must be tough, aggressive, emotionless, and dominant, while showing emotions like sadness or vulnerability is seen as weak. These expectations can put pressure on boys and men to hide their feelings, avoid asking for help, and act in ways that can harm themselves or others. Toxic masculinity can also lead to disrespect towards women, bullying, and unhealthy relationships.



## Pervasive Environments & Echo Chambers

A pervasive environment is one where certain beliefs, behaviours, or stereotypes are so common and accepted that they become part of everyday life. For example, constant messages about what boys and girls should like, wear, or do can shape how children think about themselves and others - often without them realising it. These environments can limit choices, reinforce gender roles, and make it harder to challenge unfair ideas.

An echo chamber is when people are surrounded by others - online or in real life - who share the same views. In an echo chamber, different opinions are ignored or rejected, and the same messages are repeated over and over. This can strengthen harmful beliefs, including gender stereotypes, because people aren't exposed to alternative ways of thinking.

## What do we need to do?

**Healthy relationships:** Teaching boys about respect, boundaries, and mutual support.

**Exploring Masculinity:** Encouraging boys to understand and express their masculinity in healthy ways.

**Understand their insecurities:** Helping boys and men recognise and address personal insecurities, reducing stigma around vulnerability and emotional expression.

**Become allies to women and girls:** Encouraging men to support gender equality by standing against discrimination, harassment, and harmful behaviors towards women and girls.

**Support their mental and physical health:** Highlighting the importance of self-care, seeking professional help when needed, and maintaining both mental and physical well-being.

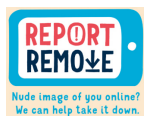
**Positive role models:** Encouraging mentorship and guidance from figures who exemplify integrity, kindness, and emotional intelligence, rather than reinforcing toxic behaviors.

**Tools to develop meaningful relationships:** Providing education and resources on effective communication, empathy, and emotional intelligence to build deeper and more fulfilling connections.

**Do all boys need to be taught about misogyny?** Not all boys need direct teaching about misogyny, but awareness, empathy, and education are key for everyone. Challenging gender-based discrimination helps create a fairer society where people are valued for who they are, not outdated roles or stereotypes.

**Early education is powerful** - teaching respect, empathy, and equality from a young age shapes positive attitudes and behaviours. Parents, teachers, and role models can lead by example, showing that gender equality is something we live, not just talk about. Using diverse stories and media helps children see the world from different perspectives and question harmful norms.

## Support



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Safeguarding is everyone's responsibility; everyone has a duty of care to protect people from harm.